

POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS OF FAMILIES
2015 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Data and Documentation](#) section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Methodology](#) section.

Versions of this table are available for the following years:

2015
[2014](#)
[2013](#)
[2012](#)
[2011](#)
[2010](#)
[2009](#)
[2008](#)
[2007](#)
[2006](#)
[2005](#)

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50
of
50

Subject	Alaska											
	All families				Married-couple families				Female householder, no husband present			
	Total		Percent below poverty level		Total		Percent below poverty level		Total		Percent below poverty level	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Families	163,800	+/-3,113	7.0%	+/-0.8	120,348	+/-2,954	2.6%	+/-0.5	28,343	+/-2,222	20.5%	+/-3.6
With related children of householder under 18 years	85,302	+/-3,552	11.9%	+/-1.6	53,887	+/-3,143	4.5%	+/-1.1	20,521	+/-2,004	26.6%	+/-4.7
With related children of householder under 5 years	18,309	+/-2,015	10.0%	+/-3.7	12,215	+/-1,432	2.0%	+/-1.4	3,680	+/-1,189	31.0%	+/-15.2
With related children of householder under 5 years and 5 to 17 years	18,654	+/-1,869	18.3%	+/-3.5	13,732	+/-1,733	11.2%	+/-3.7	3,390	+/-844	44.0%	+/-10.7
With related children of householder 5 to 17 years	48,339	+/-2,923	10.1%	+/-2.1	27,940	+/-2,316	2.4%	+/-1.1	13,451	+/-1,678	20.9%	+/-5.5
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN												
Families with a householder who is--												
White alone	119,288	+/-2,768	4.1%	+/-0.8	96,141	+/-2,590	1.5%	+/-0.4	14,056	+/-1,619	18.7%	+/-5.1
Black or African American alone	5,356	+/-885	15.2%	+/-8.3	2,901	+/-801	6.4%	+/-6.1	2,128	+/-649	21.6%	+/-17.6
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	19,449	+/-1,290	20.0%	+/-2.8	9,519	+/-1,013	11.4%	+/-4.6	6,575	+/-983	23.5%	+/-4.3
Asian alone	7,940	+/-1,065	5.9%	+/-2.9	5,227	+/-901	6.7%	+/-4.4	1,666	+/-764	3.5%	+/-3.6
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Some other race alone	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Two or more races	7,648	+/-1,035	8.6%	+/-3.7	4,642	+/-947	2.6%	+/-2.3	2,123	+/-571	18.8%	+/-10.0
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	9,272	+/-1,184	9.8%	+/-6.2	5,538	+/-1,161	0.8%	+/-1.3	2,806	+/-1,024	29.3%	+/-18.3
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	114,196	+/-2,557	3.9%	+/-0.7	93,157	+/-2,569	1.5%	+/-0.4	12,709	+/-1,565	17.2%	+/-4.9
Householder worked	130,230	+/-3,337	5.6%	+/-0.9	95,279	+/-2,887	1.6%	+/-0.4	22,435	+/-2,115	17.8%	+/-3.9
Householder worked full-time, year-round in the past 12 months	84,377	+/-3,244	1.7%	+/-0.6	62,635	+/-2,296	0.9%	+/-0.4	13,759	+/-1,810	4.9%	+/-2.7
Householder 65 years and over	23,343	+/-1,418	3.3%	+/-1.1	18,649	+/-1,300	2.6%	+/-1.2	3,406	+/-745	7.0%	+/-4.0
Family received --												
Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and/or cash public assistance	13,428	+/-1,378	16.2%	+/-3.5	7,821	+/-1,149	9.7%	+/-3.8	4,359	+/-946	27.1%	+/-8.1

Subject	Alaska											
	All families				Married-couple families				Female householder, no husband present			
	Total		Percent below poverty level		Total		Percent below poverty level		Total		Percent below poverty level	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
FOLLOWING POVERTY RATIOS												
50 percent of poverty level	3,995	+/-904	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
125 percent of poverty level	15,550	+/-1,602	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
150 percent of poverty level	20,825	+/-1,629	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
185 percent of poverty level	27,970	+/-1,749	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
200 percent of poverty level	31,169	+/-1,998	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
300 percent of poverty level	54,815	+/-2,879	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
400 percent of poverty level	74,763	+/-2,874	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
500 percent of poverty level	93,310	+/-3,455	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2015 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Explanation of Symbols:

An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2015 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.